Sample Final

1. Here is a macro for computing the maximum of two munbers:

```
#define max(x, y) ((x) > (y) ? (x) : (y))
and here is a function:
  int max(int a, int b)
  {
    return(a > b ? a : b);
  }
```

In the following code fragment, give the values of a, b, c, d, and e at the end if max is the above macro, and then if max is a function call:

```
a = -1;
b = 0;
c = 1;
d = max(++a, b);
e = max(c++, b);
```

variable	value if max is macro	value if max is function
a		
b		
С		
d		
e		

2. Here is a very simple program which is designed to sum its arguments:

```
int main(int argc, char *argv[])
{
    int sum = 0;
    int i;

    for(i = 1; i < argc; i++)
        sum += argv[i];
    printf("%d\n", sum);

    return(0);
}</pre>
```

a. Suppose this program is invoked as

#include <stdio.h>

sum 1 2 3

What are the values of argc and the elements of argv? Draw a picture if that would help you indicate what the values are. Please note I want the value of argc, argv, and each element of argv, and so forth, either as a number or character, or as arrows in a picture (for addresses).

b. When I ran this programs, I got 2147431340. Why does the program print the incorrect value, and how would you fix it? (If you cannot write the code, for partial credit simply say what you would do.)

3.

a. What does the following function do? Remember, its purpose can be stated in a succinct sentence; for partial credit, you can describe what each line does, but for full credit, you must state its function in one very short sentence.

- b. Rewrite the function using pointers rather than an array.
- 4. If the current working directory is /usr/bishop/tmp, give an absolute path name without any . or .. directories in it for:
 - a. ../src/./../passwd+/misc/./root.c
 - b. /usr/holly/files/../DMS/./././DMS/schedule
- 5. Rewrite the following command without using temporary files

```
tr A-Z a-z < /usr/dict/words > /tmp/X
grep '^bananna$' /tmp/X > /tmp/Y
wc -l /tmp/Y
```

6. What is the value of n after the following code executes?

```
char charray[] = "A-DF123";
int n, s = 1;
char *p;
for(n = 0, p = charray; *p; p++){
      switch(*p){
      case '-':
            s = -s;
            break;
      case '0':
      case '1':
      case '2':
      case '3':
      case '4':
      case '5':
      case '6':
      case '7':
      case '8':
      case '9':
            n = n * 10 + (*p - '0');
            break;
      }
}
n = s * n;
```