

## Analyzing Critical Section Solutions

This handout presents several *proposed* solutions to the 2 process critical section problem, and analyzes them. In these solutions, one process is numbered 0 and the other is numbered 1. The variable  $i$  holds the number corresponding to the process executing the code, and the variable  $j$  holds the number corresponding to the other process. All the code shown is shared by both processes, but the variables  $i$  and  $j$  hold different values.

### First Proposed Solution

Here, *turn* contains the number of the process whose turn it is to execute the critical section.

```

1 int turn;
2 while (turn != i)
3     /* do nothing * / ;
    ...
4 turn = j;
/* entry section */
/* critical section */
/* exit section */

```

### Second Proposed Solution

Here, *inCS[0]* is **true** when process 0 is in the critical section, and **false** otherwise. A similar statement holds for *inCS[1]*.

```

1 int inCS[2] = { 0, 0 };
2 while (inCS[j])
3     /* do nothing * / ;
4 inCS[i] = 1;
    ...
5 inCS[i] = 0;
/* entry section */
/* critical section */
/* exit section */

```

### Third Proposed Solution

Here, *interested[0]* is **true** when process 0 wants to enter the critical section, and **false** otherwise. A similar statement holds for *interested[1]*.

```

1 int interested[2] = { 0, 0 };
2 interested[i] = 1;
3 while (interested[j])
4     /* do nothing * / ;
    ...
5 interested[i] = 0;
/* entry section */
/* critical section */
/* exit section */

```

### Fourth Proposed Solution

This combines the first and third proposed solutions.

```

1 int interested[2]; = { 0, 0 };
2 int turn;
/* entry section */

```

```
3 interested[i] = 1;
4 turn = j;
5 while (interested[j] && turn == j)
6     /* do nothing * / ;
                                     /* critical section */
    ...
                                     /* exit section */
7 interested[i] = 0;
```