

# Applications of Mutual Exclusion in Concurrency

---

Dr. Sean Peisert

Guest Lecture for UCD ECS 150 (Operating Systems)

April 11, 2008

[peisert@cs.ucdavis.edu](mailto:peisert@cs.ucdavis.edu)

<http://www.sdsc.edu/~peisert>

Race Conditions = Nondeterminism:  
Threats to Reliability & Security

# Example

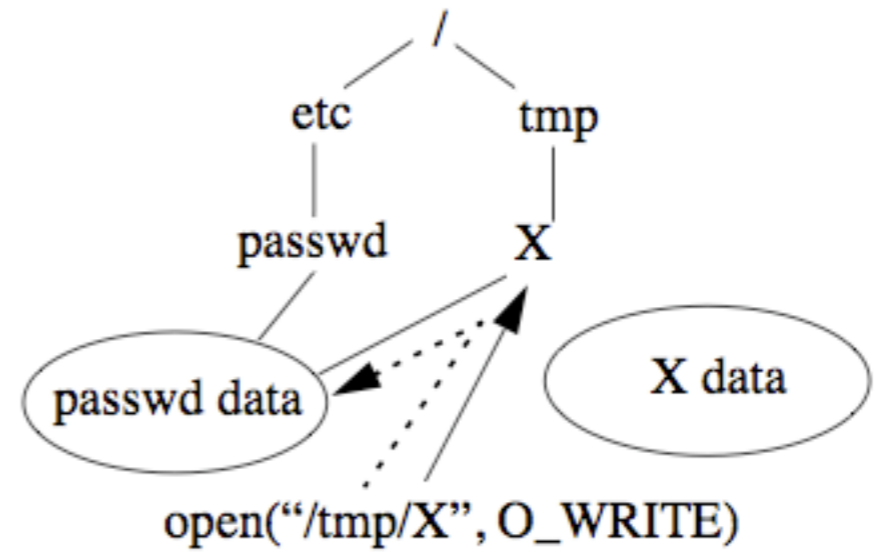
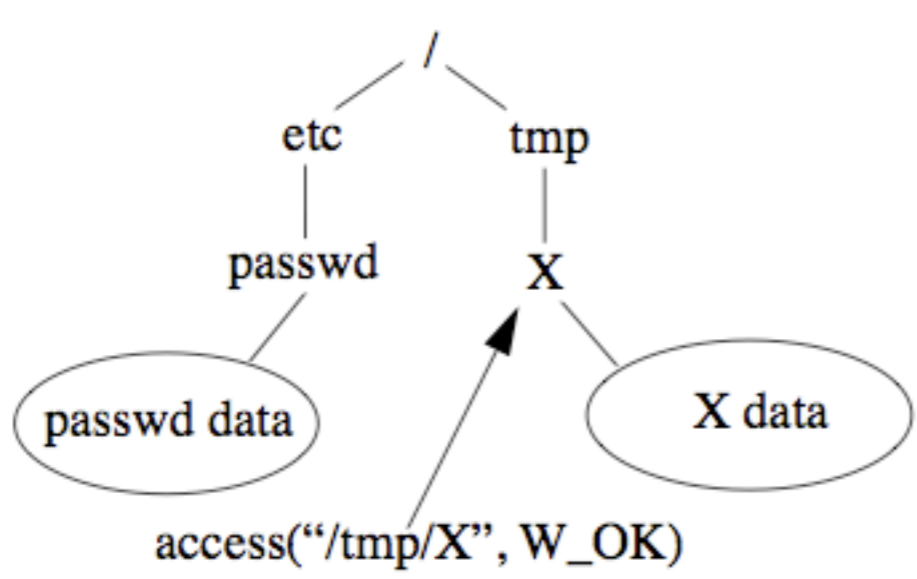
---

```
if ((fd = open(filename, O_WRONLY)) == NULL) {
    perror(filename);
    return(0);
}
/* write to the file */
```

# Improved Example?

---

```
if (access(filename, W_OK) == 0) {
    if ((fd = open(filename, O_WRONLY)) == NULL) {
        perror(filename);
        return(0);
    }
    /* now write to the file */
}
```



# The Problem

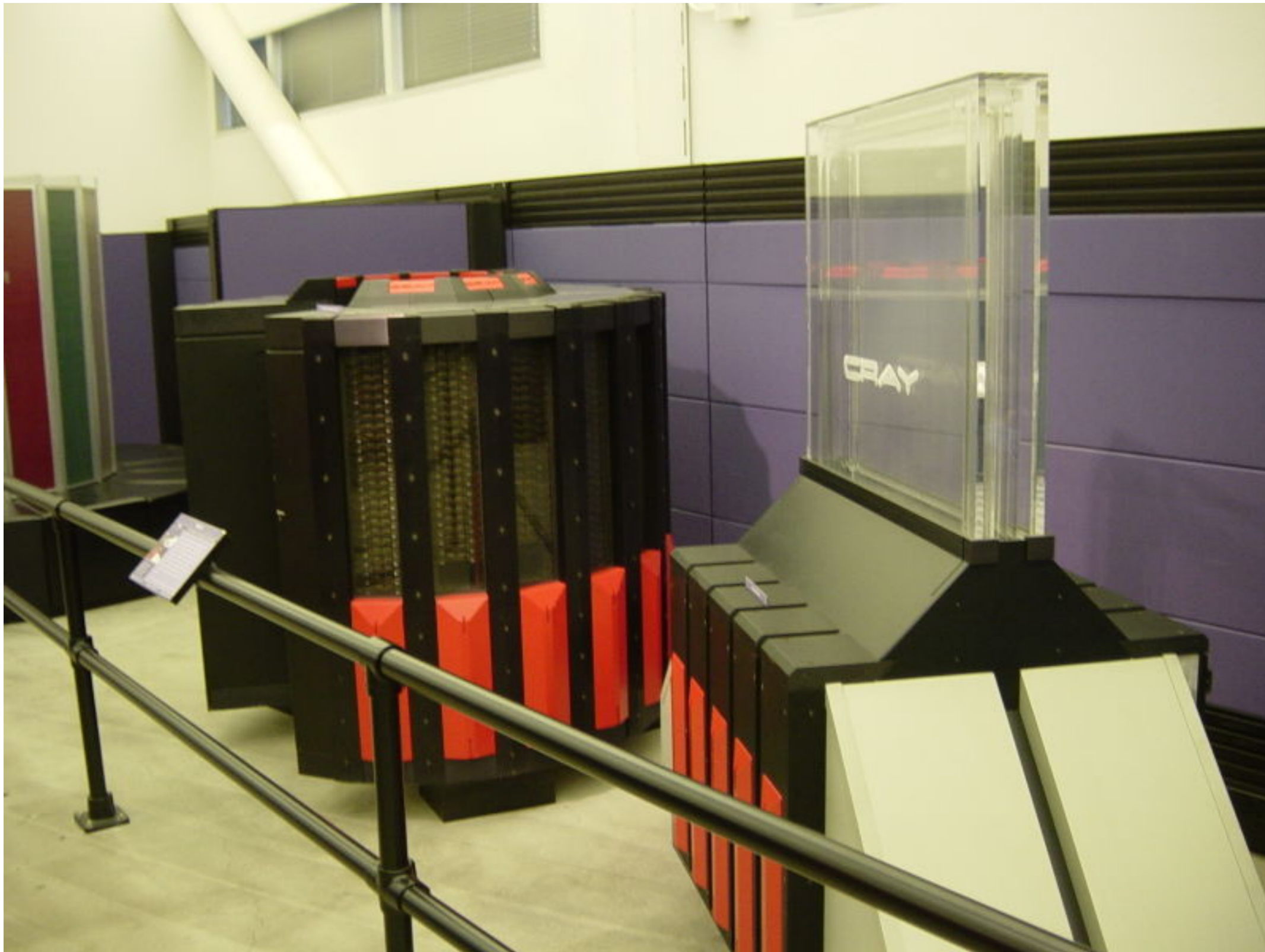
# Possible Corrections

---

1. Put file in a directory that the *real* UID can't access
2. Drop *effective* UID permissions before opening
3. Use *mandatory* "locks"

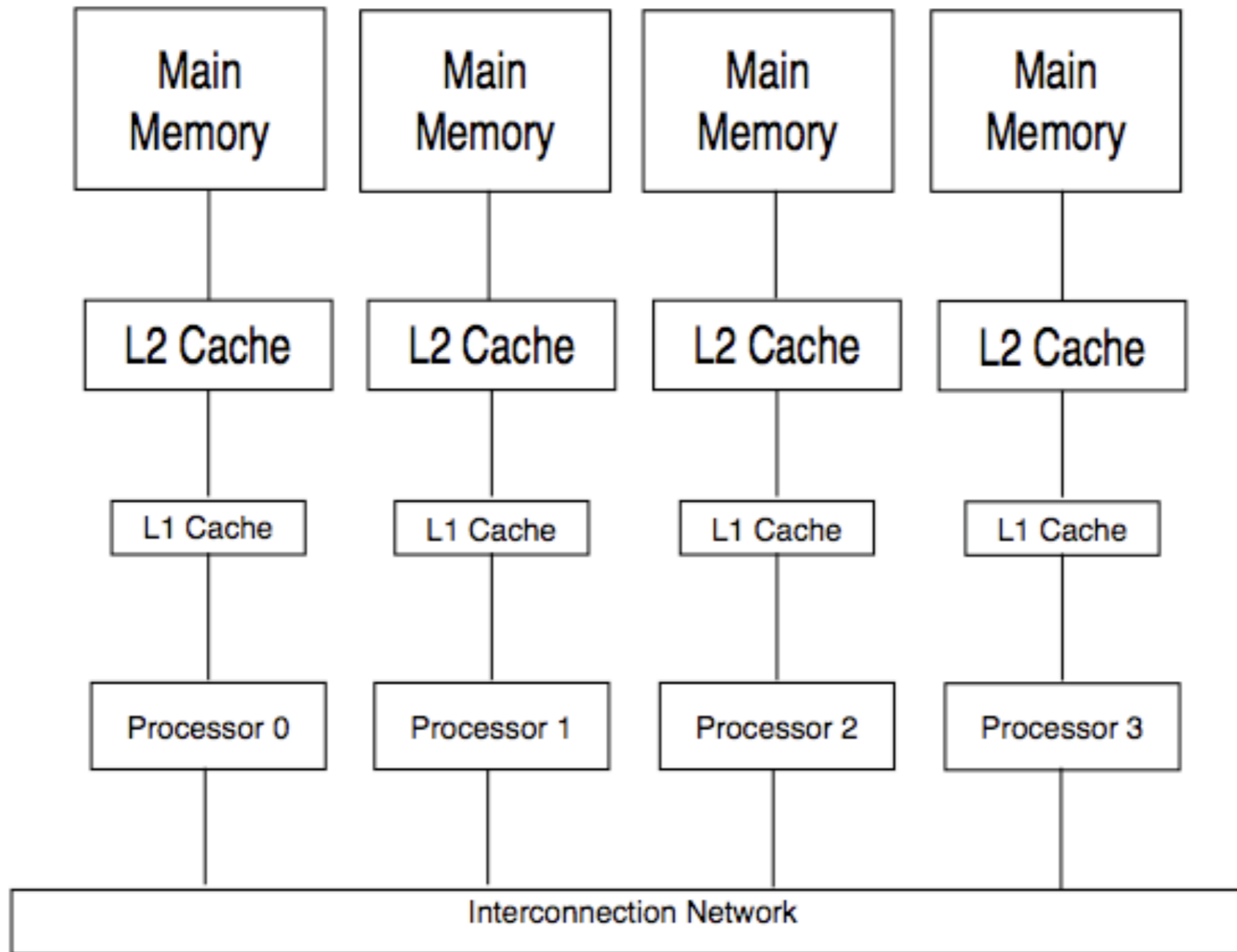
```
//  
// Correction #2 Example: Principle of Least Privilege  
//  
int savedEUID = geteuid();  
seteuid(getuid());  
if ((fd = open(filename, O_WRONLY)) == NULL) {  
    perror(filename);  
    return(0);  
}  
}  
/* now write to the file */  
seteuid(savedEUID);
```

# Supercomputers



Cray 2 (Supercomputer)

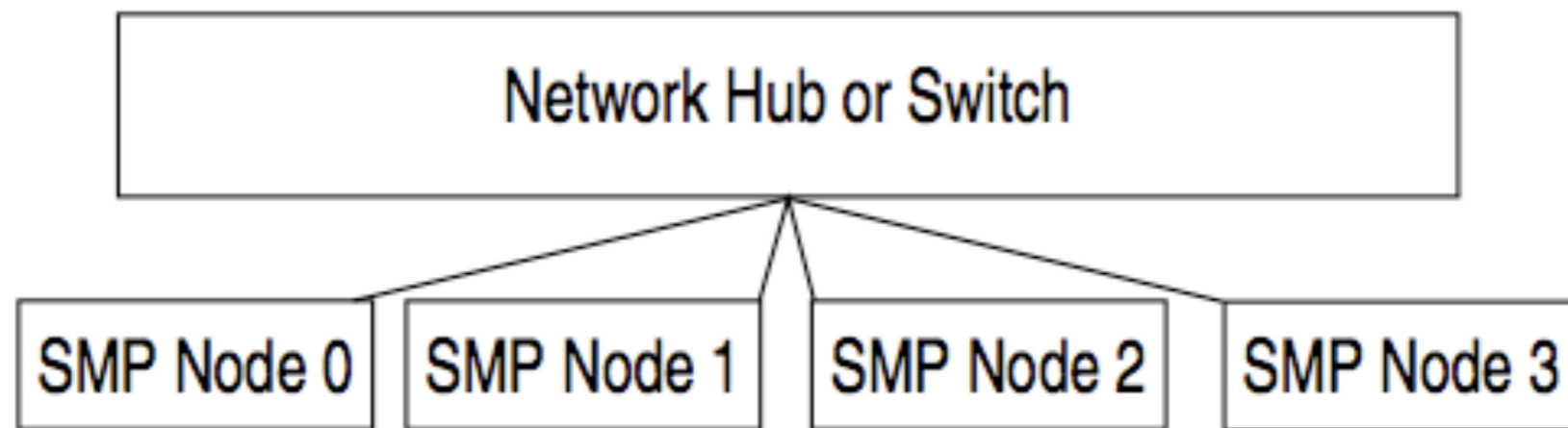




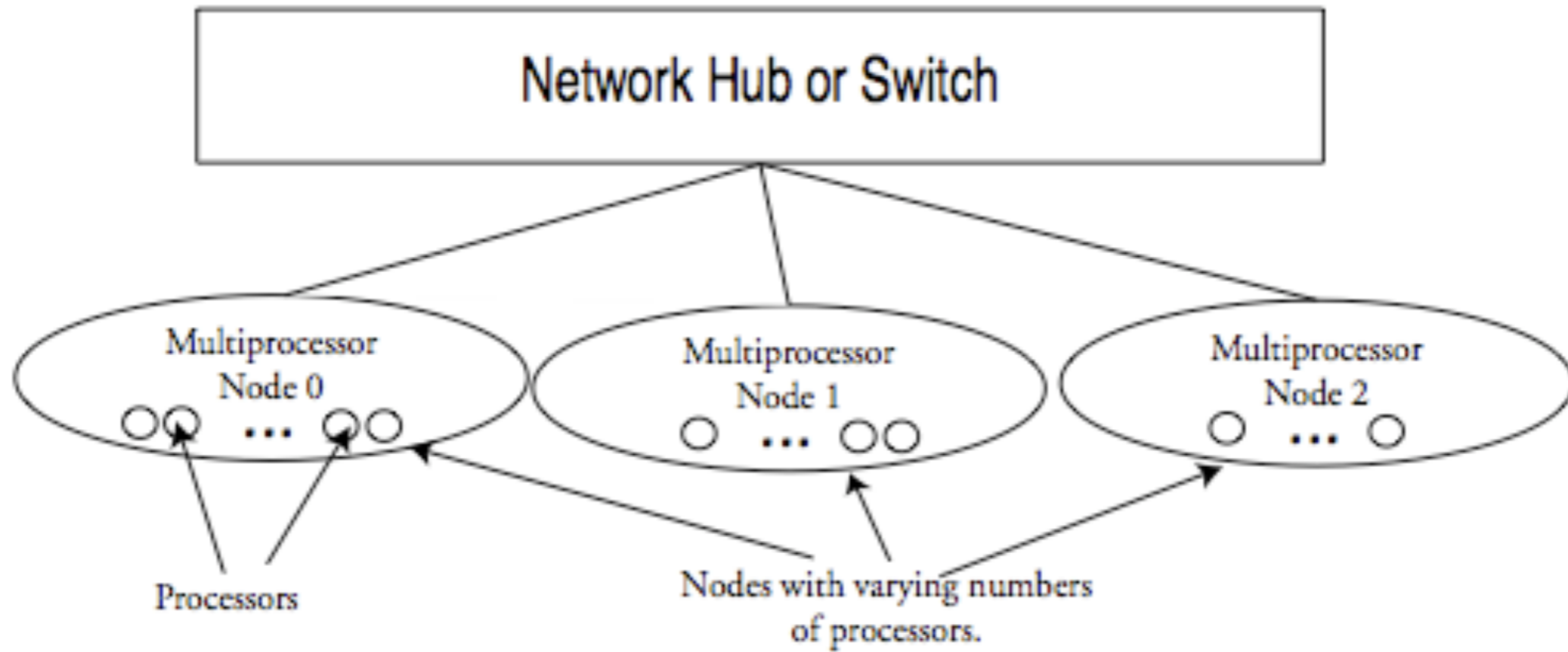
---

Distributed Memory

Clusters



Symmetric Cluster of  
Multiprocessors



## Heterogeneous Cluster of Multiprocessors

# Parallel Programming Modes

---

- Message Passing
  - Message Passing Interface (MPI)
  - Parallel Virtual Machine (PVM)
- Shared Memory
  - POSIX Threads (Pthreads)
  - Open Message-Passing (OpenMP)

# MPI Library Calls

---

- `MPI_Send()` & `MPI_Recv()`
- `MPI_Isend()` & `MPI_Irecv()`
- `MPI_Wait()` & `MPI_Test()`
- `MPI_Reduce()`
- `MPI_Gather()` & `MPI_Scatter()`
- `MPI_Alltoall()`

# MPI Example

---

```
#include <mpi.h>
int main(int argc, char *argv[]) {
    int numprocs, myid, i;
    MPI_Status stat;
    MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
    MPI_Comm_size(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &numprocs);
    MPI_Comm_rank(MPI_COMM_WORLD, &myid);

    if(myid == 0) {
        printf("%d: We have %d processors\n", myid, numprocs);
        for(i=1; i<numprocs; i++) {
            sprintf(buff, "Hello %d! ", i);
            MPI_Send(buff, BUFSIZE, MPI_CHAR, i, TAG, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
        }
        for(i=1; i<numprocs; i++) {
            MPI_Recv(buff, BUFSIZE, MPI_CHAR, i, TAG, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &stat);
            printf("%d: %s\n", myid, buff);
        }
    } else {
        MPI_Recv(buff, BUFSIZE, MPI_CHAR, 0, TAG, MPI_COMM_WORLD, &stat);
        sprintf(buffer, "Processor %d ", myid);
        strcat(buffer, "reporting for duty\n");
        MPI_Send(buffer, BUFSIZE, MPI_CHAR, 0, TAG, MPI_COMM_WORLD);
    }
    MPI_Finalize();
    return 0;
}
```

# Pthreads Library Calls

---

- `pthread_create()`
- `pthread_exit()`
- `pthread_join()`
- `pthread_mutex_lock()`
- `pthread_mutex_unlock()`
- `pthread_mutex_trylock()`



# Pthreads Example

---

```
#include <pthread.h>
static void wait(void) {
    time_t start_time = time(NULL);
    while (time(NULL) == start_time)
        { /* do nothing except chew CPU slices for up to one second */ }
}
static void *thread_func(void *vptr_args) {
    int i;
    for (i = 0; i < 20; i++) {
        fputs(" b\n", stderr);
        wait();
    }
    return NULL;
}
int main(void) {
    int i;
    pthread_t thread;

    if (pthread_create(&thread, NULL, thread_func, NULL) != 0)
        return EXIT_FAILURE;
    for (i = 0; i < 20; i++) {
        fputs("a\n", stdout);
        wait();
    }
    if (pthread_join(thread, NULL) != 0)
        return EXIT_FAILURE;
    return EXIT_SUCCESS;
}
```

# OpenMP Pragmas

---

- Thread creation: `omp parallel`
- Work sharing: `omp for`, `omp do`, `single`, `master`
- Scoping: `shared`, `private`, `default`
- Synchronization: `critical section`, `barrier`, `nowait`

# OpenMP Example

---

```
#include <omp.h>
int main (int argc, char *argv[]) {
    int th_id, nthreads;
    #pragma omp parallel private(th_id)
    {
        th_id = omp_get_thread_num();
        printf("Hello World from thread %d\n", th_id);
        #pragma omp barrier
        if ( th_id == 0 )
        {
            nthreads = omp_get_num_threads();
            printf("There are %d threads\n",nthreads);
        }
    }
    return 0;
}
```

# Mixed-Mode Programming

# Questions?

---

- Email: [peisert@cs.ucdavis.edu](mailto:peisert@cs.ucdavis.edu)
- Web: <http://www.sdsc.edu/~peisert>