Notes for November 12, 1999

- 1. Greetings and Felicitations!
- 2. Puzzle of the Day
- 3. Challenge-response systems
 - Computer issues challenge, user presents response to verify secret information known/item possessed
 - b. Example operations: f(x) = x+1, random, string (for users without computers), time of day, computer sends E(x), you answer E(D(E(x))+1)
 - c. Note: password never sent on wire or network
 - d. Attack: monkey-in-the-middle
 - e. Defense: mutual authentication (will discuss more sophisticated network-based protocols later)
- 4. Biometrics
 - a. Depend on physical characteristics
 - b. Examples: pattern of typing (remarkably effective), retinal scans, etc.
- 5. Location
 - a. Bind user to some location detection device (human, GPS)
 - b. Authenticate by location of the device
- 6. User identification
 - a. Go through UNIX idea of "real", "effective", "saved", "audit"
 - b. Go through notion of "role" accounts; cite Secure Xenix, DG, etc.
 - c. Go through PPNs (TOPS-10) and groups
 - d. Review least privilege
- 7. Notion of "privilege"
 - a. Identity
 - b. Functionality
 - c. Granularity
- 8. Privilege in OSes
 - a. None (original IBM OS; protect with password, or anyone can read it)
 - b. Fence, base and bounds registers; relocation
 - c. Tagged architectures
 - d. Memory management based schemes: segmentation, paging, and paged segmentation
- 9. Different forms of access control
 - a. UNIX method
 - b. ACLs: describe, revocation issue
 - c. MULTICS rings: (b1, b2) access bracket can access freely; (b2, b3) call bracket can call segment through gate; so (4, 6, 9) as example