

## Outline for January 20, 2016

**Reading:** *text*, §16 (15 in first edition)

**Assignments due:** Presentation paper selection, Jan. 22  
Project selection, Jan. 22  
Homework 1, Jan. 25

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1. Access Control Lists
  - a. Full access control lists
  - b. UNIX method
  - c. ACLs: describe, revocation issue
2. Capabilities
  - a. Capability-based addressing
  - b. Inheritance of C-Lists
  - c. Revocation: use of a global descriptor table
3. MULTICS ring mechanism
  - a. Rings, gates, ring-crossing faults
  - b. Used for both data and procedures; rights are REWA
  - c.  $(b_1, b_2)$  access bracket — can access freely;  $(b_3, b_4)$  call bracket — can call segment through gate; so if  $a$ 's access bracket is  $(32, 35)$  and its call bracket is  $(36, 39)$ , then assuming permission mode (REWA) allows access, a procedure in:
    - rings 0–31: can access  $a$ , but ring-crossing fault occurs
    - rings 32–35: can access  $a$ , no ring-crossing fault
    - rings 36–39: can access  $a$ , provided a valid gate is used as an entry point
    - rings 40–63: cannot access  $a$
  - d. If the procedure is accessing a data segment  $d$ , no call bracket allowed; given the above, assuming permission mode (REWA) allows access, a procedure in:
    - rings 0–32: can access  $d$
    - rings 33–35: can access  $d$ , but cannot write to it (W or A)
    - rings 36–63: cannot access  $d$