## Outline for April 24, 2013

 ${\bf Reading:} \ \S{5.2.3}{-}5.2.4, \ 5.3, \ 5.4; \ handout$ 

Assignments due: Homework #2, due April 26, 2013

- 1. Bell-LaPadula: formal model
  - a. Set of requests is R
  - b. Set of decisions is D
  - c.  $W \subseteq R \times D \times V \times V$  is motion from one state to another.
  - d. System  $\Sigma(R, D, W, z_0) \subseteq X \times Y \times Z$  such that  $(x, y, z) \in \Sigma(R, D, W, z_0)$  iff  $(x_t, y_t, z_t, z_{t-1}) \in W$  for each  $t \in T$ ; latter is an action of system
  - e. Theorem:  $\Sigma(R, D, W, z_0)$  satisfies the simple security condition for any initial state  $z_0$  that satisfies the simple security condition iff W satisfies the following conditions for each action  $(r_i, d_i, (b', m', f', h'), (b, m, f, h))$ :
    - i. each  $(s, o, x) \in b' b$  satisfies the simple security condition relative to f' (i.e., x is not read, or x is read and  $f_s(s)$  dom  $f_o(o)$ ); and
    - ii. if  $(s, o, x) \in b$  does not satisfy the simple security condition relative to f', then  $(s, o, x) \notin b'$
  - f. Theorem:  $\Sigma(R, D, W, z_0)$  satisfies the \*-property relative to  $S' \subseteq S$  for any initial state  $z_0$  that satisfies the \*-property relative to S' iff W satisfies the following conditions for each (w, w', f', h') (here f(h))
    - $(r_i, d_i, (b', m', f', h'), (b, m, f, h))$ :
    - i. for each  $s \in S'$ , any  $(s, o, x) \in b' b$  satisfies the \*-property with respect to f'; and
    - ii. for each  $s \in S'$ , if  $(s, o, x) \in b$  does not satisfy the \*-property with respect to f', then  $(s, o, x) \notin b'$
  - g. Theorem:  $\Sigma(R, D, W, z_0)$  satisfies the ds-property iff the initial state  $z_0$  satisfies the ds-property and W satisfies the following conditions for each  $(r_i, d_i, (b', m', f', h'), (b, m, f, h))$ :
    - $(r_i, d_i, (o, m', f', n'), (o, m, f, n)):$
    - i. if  $(s, o, x) \in b' b$ , then  $x \in m'[s, o]$ ; and ii. if  $(s, o, x) \in b$  and  $x \in m'[s, o]$ , then  $(s, o, x) \notin b'$
  - h. Basic Security Theorem: A system  $\Sigma(R, D, W, z_0)$  is secure iff  $z_0$  is a secure state and W satisfies the conditions of the above three theorems for each action.
- 2. Using the model
  - a. Define ssc-preserving, \*-property-preserving, ds-property-preserving
  - b. Define relation  $W(\omega)$
  - c. Show conditions under which rules are ssc-preserving, \*-property-preserving, ds-property-preserving
  - d. Show when adding a state preserves those properties
  - e. Example instantiation: get-read for Multics
- 3. Tranquility
  - a. Strong tranquility
  - b. Weak tranquility
- 4. System Z and the controversy